# Financial Statements of

# **Compassion Canada**

Year ended June 30, 2025

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Year ended June 30, 2025

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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To The Members of Compassion Canada

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Compassion Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Compassion Canada as at June 30, 2025, and results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting standards for not for profit organization, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
  may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Exeter, Ontario September 12, 2025 PTMG LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

**Statement of Financial Position** 

As at June 30, 2025 with comparative figures for June 30, 2024

				Planned Giving		<b>2025</b>		2024
	Op	erating Fund	 Capital Fund		Fund		Total	 Total
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash	\$	4,463,173	\$ -	\$	10,816	\$	4,473,989	\$ 4,829,786
Investments (Note 3)		6,571,004	1,379,085		32,510		7,982,599	8,532,170
Prepaid expenses and taxes receivable		577,335	-		-		577,335	491,937
Interfund balance		(318,509)	329,539		(11,030)		-	-
		11,293,003	1,708,624		32,296		13,033,923	13,853,893
Other Assets		-	-		250,000		250,000	250,000
Property, Building and Equipment (Note 4)		-	1,981,150		-		1,981,150	2,089,509
	\$	11,293,003	\$ 3,689,774	\$	282,296	\$	15,265,073	\$ 16,193,402
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Program support and gifts payable	\$	918,561 1,412,472	\$ -	\$	- -	\$	918,561 1,412,472	\$ 1,065,815 986,582
Deferred contributions		1,467,562	-		-		1,467,562	1,474,766
		3,798,595	-		-		3,798,595	3,527,163
Fund Balances								
Equity in property, building and equipment		-	3,689,774		-		3,689,774	3,468,357
Externally restricted		-	-		275,000		275,000	275,000
Internally restricted		-	-		7,296		7,296	4,690
Accumulated operating surplus		7,494,408	-		-		7,494,408	 8,918,192
		7,494,408	3,689,774		282,296		11,466,478	12,666,239

On Behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances
As at June 30, 2025 with comparative figures for June 30, 2024

					Pla	nned Giving	2025	2024
	1	Operating Fund	ı	Capital Fund		Fund	Total	Total
Revenue								
Child and youth development	\$	62,379,849	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 62,379,849	\$ 63,042,213
Complementary interventions		9,140,802		-		-	9,140,802	7,666,780
Survival		2,453,632		-		-	2,453,632	2,310,778
Investment (Note 3)		479,579		102,878		2,606	585,063	758,688
Other		68,063		-		-	68,063	36,875
		74,521,925		102,878		2,606	74,627,409	73,815,334
Expenditures								
Program Activities								
Child and youth development		53,274,245		-		-	53,274,245	53,846,057
Complementary interventions		7,320,492		-		-	7,320,492	6,144,774
Survival		1,928,002		-		-	1,928,002	1,848,622
		62,522,739		-		-	62,522,739	61,839,453
Fundraising		8,206,847		-		-	8,206,847	8,147,402
Administration		5,216,123		(118,539)		-	5,097,584	5,052,980
Total Expenditures		75,945,709		(118,539)		-	75,827,170	75,039,835
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,423,784)		221,417		2,606	(1,199,761)	(1,224,501)
Fund balances, beginning of year		8,918,192		3,468,357		279,690	12,666,239	13,890,740
Fund balances, end of year	\$	7,494,408	\$	3,689,774	\$	282,296	\$ 11,466,478	\$ 12,666,239

**Compassion Canada** 

Statement of Cash Flows

As at June 30, 2025 with comparative figures for June 30, 2024

	-	Operating Capital Planned		Planned Giving	2025	2024
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Total
Cash provided by (used in)						
Operating Activities						
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(1,423,784) \$	221,417	\$ 2,606	<b>\$ (1,199,761)</b> \$	(1,224,501)
Adjustments for:						
Amortization of capital assets		-	229,460	-	229,460	294,844
Net change in non-cash operating working capital (Note 4)		482,179	(296,211)	69	186,037	(900,324)
		(941,605)	154,666	2,675	(784,264)	(1,829,981)
Investing Activities						
Purchase of property, building and equipment		-	(121,101)	-	(121,101)	(59,822)
Decrease (Increase) in investments		583,407	(33,565)	(274)	549,568	2,657,469
		583,407	(154,666)	(274)	428,467	2,597,647
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(358,198)	-	2,401	(355,797)	767,666
Cash, beginning of year		4,821,371	-	8,415	4,829,786	4,062,120
Cash, end of year	\$	4,463,173 \$	-	\$ 10,816	<b>\$ 4,473,989</b> \$	4,829,786

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Year ended June 30, 2025

#### 1. Purpose of Organization

Compassion Canada (the "Organization") is a leading child development organization. Its mission is to release children from poverty in Jesus' name.

For over 60 years, Compassion has helped to revolutionize the fight against global poverty by partnering with local churches to lift children out of spiritual, economic, social and physical poverty.

Compassion Canada is incorporated, without share capital, under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada) are met.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### (a) Restricted Fund Accounting

The financial statements of the Organization are maintained in accordance with the restricted fund method of accounting. All financial statement transactions have been recorded in three funds: Operating, Capital and Planned Giving.

#### (i) Operating Fund:

Operating Fund is composed of three main programs: Child and Youth Development Program, Complementary Interventions, and Survival.

Accumulated operating surplus is to be used for future operating expenditures (fundraising and administration).

#### (ii) Capital Fund:

Capital Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to the Organization's property, building, and equipment.

The costs of the Organization's property, building, and equipment are reported in the Capital Fund which in turn charges the Operating Fund an asset use fee for the use of those assets. The asset use fee charged has been disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### (iii) Planned Giving Fund:

The Planned Giving Fund consists of annuities and a fully funded universal life insurance policy. The Organization receives any excess funds remaining upon the death of the annuitant, and all of the proceeds on the death of the life insured.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition:

Restricted contributions related to program and operations are recognized as revenue to the Operating Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred, and if this is a future year then they are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year they are used. Contributions toward capital assets are recognized as revenue to the Capital Fund.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received.

Investment income is recognized as revenue as earned.

Donations in-kind consist of life insurance policies and marketable securities. The donation of a life insurance policy is recognized as revenue in the period in which the Organization is named owner and beneficiary and the policy is fully funded. Donations of marketable securities are recognized as revenue in the period in which the organization receives the securities, based on the quoted market value of the securities at that time.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Year ended June 30, 2025

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

#### (c) Contributed Services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements

#### (d) Allocation of Expenditures:

Expenditures are recorded and reported by program and support services. Certain officers and employees perform a combination of program, fundraising and administrative activities; as a result, compensation expenditures are allocated based on time dedicated to the activity. Other operating and general expenditures, including professional and consulting fees, technology support, occupancy expenditures and asset use fees, have been allocated based on the level of benefit received by each program and support service.

#### (e) Financial Instruments:

#### (i) Measurement

Fixed income financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Mutual Funds that are traded in an active market are initially and subsequently measured at fair value. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are charged to the financial instrument.

#### (ii) Financial Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of fixed income denominated investments.

Credit Risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization has a concentration of credit risk related to all cash being held by one financial institution.

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Organization encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities.

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant interest, credit or liquidity risks arising from their financial instruments.

#### (f) Property, Building and Equipment:

Purchased property, building and equipment are recorded at cost. Contributed property, building and equipment are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Amortization expense is reported in the Capital Fund net of an annual asset use fee charged to the Operating Fund. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of capital assets. Amortization rates are as follows:

Asset	Rate
Building	Retire in 2043
Building equipment and improvements	5 – 10 years
Office and computer equipment, software	3 – 10 years

#### (g) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Year ended June 30, 2025

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (h) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash on deposit, cheques issued and outstanding, investments in high interest bank accounts and 90-day term deposits.

#### 3. Investments:

		2025		2024	
	Carrying	Carrying Fair Carrying			
	Value	Value	Value	Value	
Government and Corporate Bonds	3,866,059	3,863,246	5,624,934	5,630,296	
Guaranteed Investment Certificate	900,000	900,000	631,824	631,824	
Marketable Securities	2,527,241	2,527,241	-	-	
Mutual Funds	689,299	689,299	2,275,412	2,275,412	
	7,982,599	7,979,786	8,532,170	8,537,532	

Investments are chosen to provide diversification in the overall portfolio needed to provide investment income while minimizing the risk of losing principal as a long-term strategy. For managed investment portfolios, funds are selected that are committed to following strict environmental, social and governance screening processes. For fixed income investing, an ethical screening approach is taken to evaluate all entities including the elimination of investing in any entity that violates Human Rights/Child Labour standards.

The fair value of investments was determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market. Investment income includes interest and realized gains on fixed income investments and realized and unrealized gains and losses on mutual funds and marketable securities.

Government and Corporate Bonds have an effective interest rate of 0.25% to 6.50% (2024 - 1.25% to 9.00%) and mature between 2025 and 2030. Guaranteed Investment Certificates have an effective interest rate of 2.00% to 4.90% (2024 - 2.00%) and mature between 2025 and 2026.

#### 4. Net Change in Non-Cash Operating Working Capital

	2025	2024
Prepaid expenses and taxes recoverable	(85,396)	(123,690)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(147,254)	29,626
Program support and gifts payable	425,890	(1,039,340)
Deferred contributions	(7,203)	233,080
	186,037	(900,324)

#### 5. Property, Building and Equipment

		2025		2024
		Accumulated	Net Book	Net Book
	Cost	Amortization	Value	Value
Land	50,000	-	50,000	50,000
Building	3,632,399	2,016,243	1,616,156	1,725,622
Office and computer equipment, software	2,580,232	2,265,238	314,994	313,887
	6,262,631	4,281,481	1,981,150	2,089,509

Amortization charges for the year are \$229,460 (2024 - \$294,844). The asset use fees, net of other general capital expenses, for the year are \$348,000 (2024 - \$433,322).

#### 6. International Ministry Agreements

The Organization conducts its child development program overseas under a Master Agency Agreement with Compassion International of Colorado Springs, Colorado.

#### 7. Group Pension Plan

The Organization operates a defined contribution registered pension plan (RPP). Employer contributions during the year were \$533,770 (2024 - \$534,558).

#### 8. Capital Disclosures

The Organization's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to respond to the physical and spiritual needs of children in the developing world and their communities by encouraging vision, providing resources and developing skills. As the Organization is a not-for-profit organization, this objective is dependent on the support of individual donors throughout Canada.

The Organization defines its capital as its Fund balances. The Organization manages the capital structure and adjusts it considering changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Organization prepares annual revenue and expenditure budgets which are based on established and projected funding needs for the year. These budgets are updated as necessary, depending on changes in circumstances, and are approved by the Board of Directors.

There have been no changes in what the Organization defines as capital, or the objectives, policies, and procedures for managing capital in the year.